

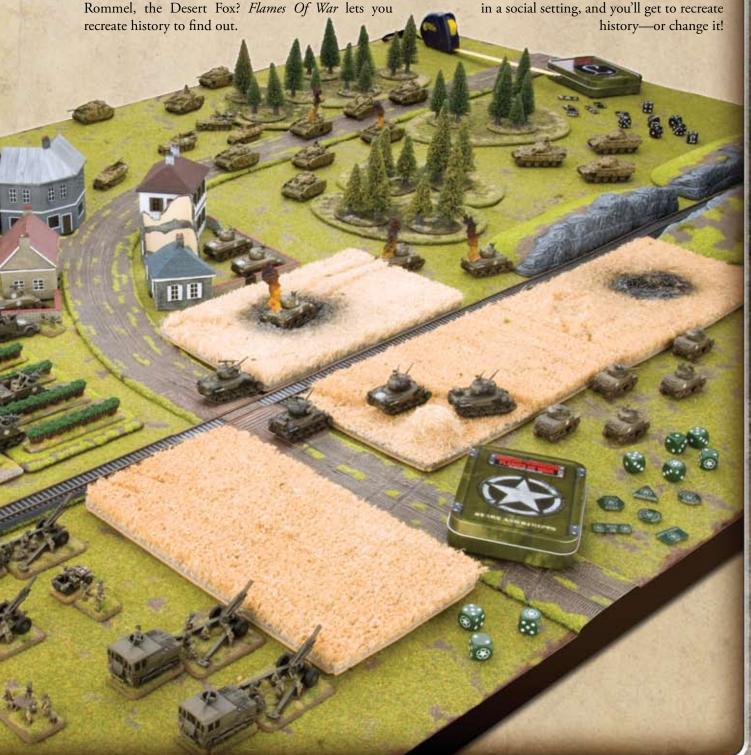
## WHAT IS FLAMES OF WAR

What you have just read is a description, not of an actual battle, but of a miniatures wargame being played. All of the action takes place on a miniature battlefield, with model tanks and soldiers that represent the real-life troops that fought in the decisive battles of the Second World War. You and your opponent are the commanders, pitting your wits and cunning against one another to attain victory and, more importantly, to have fun.

Flames Of War allows you to re-fight the decisive battles of the Second World War. You take charge of Patton's spearhead or Monty's Desert Rats. Can you out-fox Rommel, the Desert Fox? Flames Of War lets you

This rulebook is your guide to fighting historical battles in miniature. With it you can take command of a company of soldiers and pit yourself against cunning opponents on the field of battle. You will see for yourself what made the Tiger tank so feared by every Allied soldier. You will find out if you have the guts to stop a massed infantry charge, or the cold-blooded ruthlessness to launch one!

Flames Of War combines the joys of painting and modelling your own miniature army with the challenge of facing off against your opponent across a gaming table

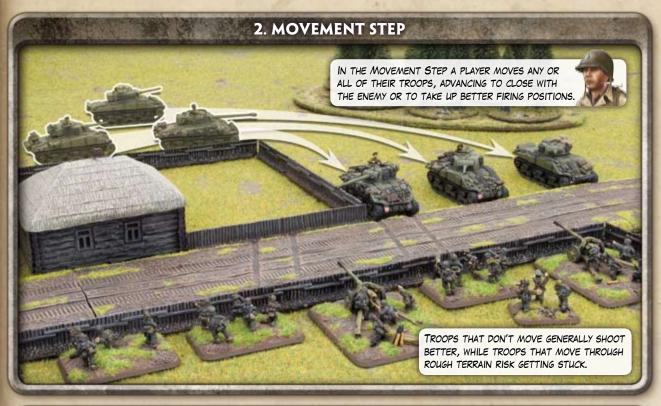


## PLAYING THE GAME

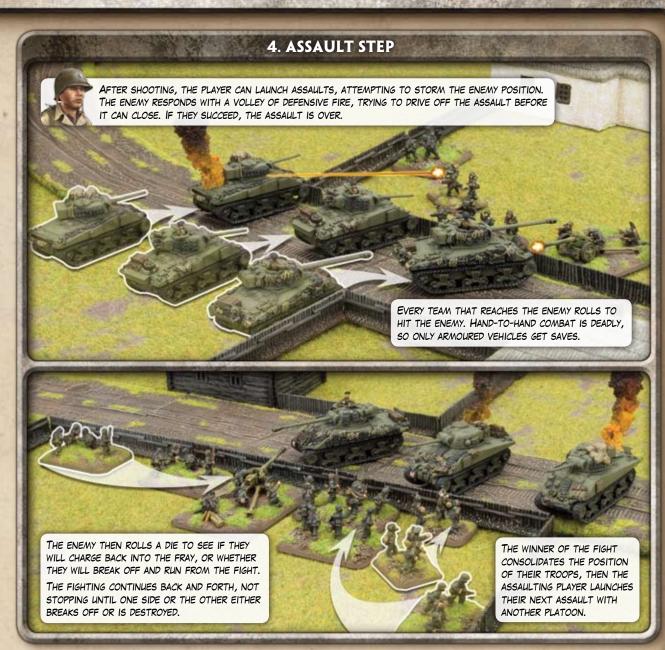
In *Flames Of War* the two sides take turns to move and fight with all of their troops. In each turn a player goes through the Starting, Movement, Shooting, and Assault Steps. Once they have finished their turn, the other player takes a turn. They alternate their turns until one side or the other wins by taking their objective.

#### 1. STARTING STEP

At the start of each turn a player checks to see if they have won (or whether their opponent managed to foil them in their intervening turn). If they haven't won, the player tries to rally troops pinned down by enemy fire and bring their reserves into the battle.









#### LEARNING THE RULES

While *Flames Of War* follows a set turn order, it is often easier to learn the parts out of sequence. The next section teaches you the basics of the game, starting with shooting and movement, then bringing in assaults, then at the end, it will go back over the starting step. The last two pages present a summary of the rules in their proper order.

## **COMPANIES AND PLATOONS**

Although the heroic acts of a few individuals are always glorified by the media back home, in reality a soldier never does anything on their own. Soldiers are trained to operate as a team, and it is this teamwork that keeps them alive. In *Flames Of War* your miniature soldiers also operate in teams, platoons and companies.



## **TEAM CHARACTERISTICS**

Teams are the basic elements in *Flames Of War*. A team is a group of up to five individual soldiers or a vehicle, each represented by one miniature on the table, and by a set of characteristics in the rules. These characteristics are laid out in each country's arsenals (see pages 38 and 46).

The arsenal entries for two British tanks are shown below. Vehicles and their weapons are described together in arsenals. The first line describes the vehicle. The second line in italics describes its main weapon.

#### VEHICLE CHARACTERISTICS

#### Mobility

A vehicle's mobility determines the distance it can move each turn and how well it can force its way through rough terrain.

#### **Equipment and Notes**

Additional weapons, strengths, and weaknesses.

#### Name

Name and model of the vehicle

#### Armour

A tank's armour protects it against the enemy. Front and side armour protect against enemy shooting, while top armour protects against assaulting infantry and artillery fire.

Name Weapon	Mobility Range	Front ROF	Armour Side Anti-tank	Top Firepower	Equipment and Notes
Sherman V	Standard Tank	6	4	1	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Tow hook.
M3 75mm gun	32"/80cm	2	10	3+	Semi-indirect fire, Smoke.
Firefly VC	Standard Tank	6	4	1	Co-ax MG, Tow hook.
OQF 17 pdr gun	32"/80cm	2	13	3+	No HE, Semi-indirect fire.

#### Range

The maximum distance the weapon can shoot.

#### Anti-tank

The armour penetration of the weapon.

#### **Equipment and Notes**

Special abilities or rules of the weapon.

#### Weapon

The vehicle's primary weapon.

#### Rate of Fire (ROF)

The maximum number of shots the weapon can take in one turn.

#### Firepower

The ability of the weapon to destroy a tank after penetrating its armour or to knock out a dug-in position.

#### WEAPON CHARACTERISTICS



## MOTIVATION AND SKILL

As important as their weapons are the qualities of the soldiers using them. In *Flames Of War* every platoon is rated for its motivation and skill. They range from fearless veteran troops like the American paratroopers, to reluctant soldiers who have seen too much fighting and conscripts who, although willing to fight, have been thrown into battle with no training.

RELUCTANT	CONSCRIPT
CONFIDENT	TRAINED
FEARLESS	VETERAN

## TANK AGAINST TANK

The easiest way to learn the shooting rules is to start with a one-on-one engagement between two tanks, in this case a British or US Sherman tank and a German StuG G assault gun. To keep things simple we'll assume that they are sitting in the open at short range blasting away at each other. Place the tank and assault gun about 12"/30cm apart facing each other, then read on to see how to shoot.

#### SCORE TO HIT

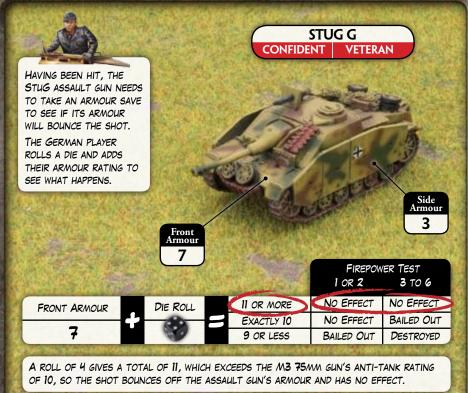
In Flames Of War, the score to hit depends on the target's skill rating—the more skilled the target, the harder they are to hit. Veteran soldiers use fire and movement tactics to avoid getting shot. Raw recruits just blunder along, hoping to survive.

Target's Skill Level	Score Needed to Hit
Veteran	4 or higher
Trained	3 or higher
Conscript	2 or higher

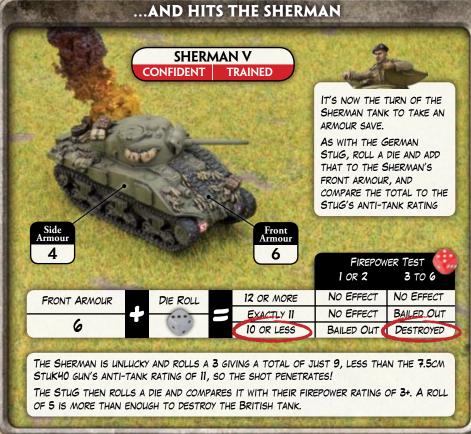


bulletproof target it penetrates. The arsenals on pages 38 and 46 list the weapons used in this book.

Firepower gives its ability to destroy an armoured or





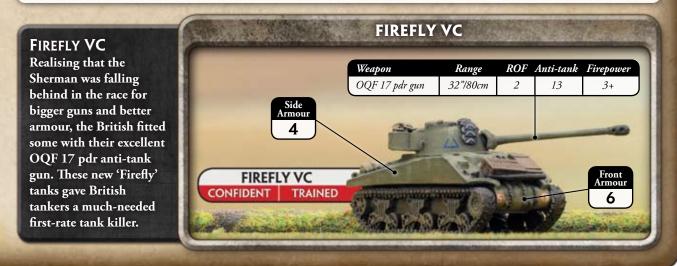


DESTROYED TANKS If a tank is destroyed, it is blown up or burning and is out of the game.

BAILED OUT TANKS
The crew bail out when
their tank is penetrated,
not waiting to see
whether it will blow up
or not.

A bailed out tank can't do anything until the crew remount in the Starting Step. Being Confident, they gather their courage and remount on a roll of 4+. If they fail, they can try again next turn.

Having read this example, try it out for yourself. Grab a couple of models and some dice and fire away! You'll probably notice that the Sherman is a bit outclassed, so try it again with a Firefly VC with its long-barrelled 17 pdr gun instead of the 75mm on the Sherman V. The characteristics for the Firefly are given below.



## **DIFFICULT TARGETS**

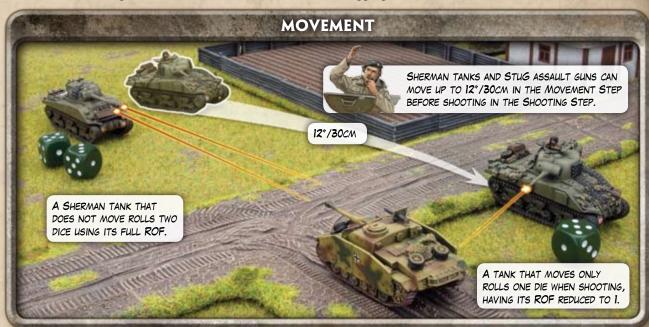
Not every target is a short-range shot against an obliging opponent sitting in the open. Mostly, gunners are trying to hit targets that are taking cover, trying to hide behind hedges and buildings, or firing at long ranges. These factors make a difference in *Flames Of War* too.





## FIRING ON THE MOVE

Tanks don't just sit there pounding away at each other in real battles. They manoeuvre to get better shots and seek out weak spots in their opponent's armour, all the while using terrain to avoid getting hit themselves. Allowing our tanks to move adds tactics to the slugging match.



#### TANKS CAN BOG DOWN

When a tank crosses rough terrain there is a chance that it'll throw a track or get stuck in the mud, bogging down. Once bogged down, a tank can't do anything until it frees itself in the Starting Step of its next turn. If it fails, it tries again each turn until it gets free.

The Trained British crews can free their vehicle on a roll of 4+

The Veteran German crews free their vehicle on a roll of 3+.

MOVEMENT DISTANCE				
Terrain	Speed	Difficulty	Bogging Check	
Road	12"/30cm	Easy	-	
Cross country	12"/30cm	Easy	THE PLANE	
Hedge	8"/20cm	Difficult	2+	
Woods	8"/20cm	Difficult	2+	
Building	8"/20cm	Very Difficult	Skill Test	

#### **ROUGH TERRAIN** TANKS MOVING IN VERY DIFFICULT TERRAIN, LIKE A BUILDING, TANKS CROSSING BOG DOWN ON A ROLL OF 1 OR 2 IF A VETERAN STUG ROUGH TERRAIN SLOW ASSAULT GUN, OR 1, 2, OR 3 IF A TRAINED SHERMAN TANK. TO 8"/20CM AND RISK BOGGING DOWN. A ROLL OF 2 FORCES THE TANK TO STOP AS IT ENTERS 8"/20CM THE BUILDING, BECOMING BOGGED DOWN. TANKS MOVING ACROSS DIFFICULT GOING, LIKE A HEDGE, BOG DOWN ON A ROLL OF 1. A ROLL OF 3 ALLOWS THE TANK TO CROSS THE HEDGE SAFELY.

## **FLANK SHOTS**

Most tanks have weaker armour on the sides than they have on their front, after all they plan to fight facing the enemy. Of course, this means that the enemy wants to get flank shots to hit their weaker side armour!



So now you are ready for some serious tank-on-tank action. Set up some terrain and place a StuG G assault gun and a Sherman V tank (or Firefly VC tank for variety) where they cannot see each other and try hunting each other around and through the terrain. Swap sides and try it again to see who can do better.

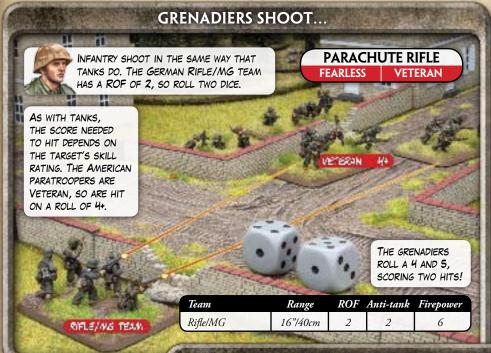
## **WHO GETS HIT?**

In the rush of battle, soldiers lack the time to identify specific targets. They just shoot at whatever tanks they happen to see, going for the easy targets first. As a result, the target player gets to decide which tanks have been hit by enemy fire, with a requirement to pick close targets and side shots first.



## INFANTRY AGAINST INFANTRY

Having fought it out with tanks, it's time to get man-to-man with some infantry combat. As with tanks, the easiest way to learn the rules is to set up a simple engagement between two infantry platoons. Set up a US Parachute Rifle Platoon and a German Grenadier Platoon 12"/30cm apart and start shooting. Use some terrain if you want, as the Difficult Targets modifiers on page 8 apply for infantry as well.



## USE THE EASIEST TARGET

A team always uses the easiest target in the enemy platoon for its score to hit regardless of which teams are actually hit as the more easily spotted teams give away the positions of their concealed comrades.

The grenadiers can see both the teams moving across the gap and the one behind the wall, so they are not concealed and there is no penalty to hit.

#### **DISTRIBUTE HITS**

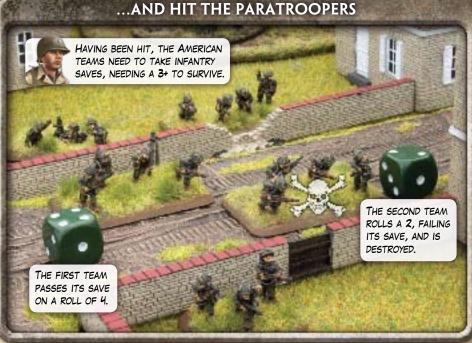
All of the hits scored by a shooting platoon are distributed evenly across the target teams.

## INFANTRY SAVES Infantry do not have

heavy armour, instead

when under fire, they hit the dirt. This gives them a 3+ save regardless of what hits them. If they pass, they are safe and unharmed. If they fail, they are destroyed unless they

are in bulletproof cover.



### INFANTRY WEAPONS

Weapon	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepower
Rifle	16"/40cm	1	2	6
Rifle/MG	16"/40cm	2	2	6
MG	16"/40cm	3	2	6
SMG	4"/10cm	3	1	6

#### GERMAN GRENADIER PLATOON

The German Grenadier platoon's combat experience is unequalled, giving them a Veteran status. Their squads are armed with bolt-action Kar 98k rifles and an MG42 machine-gun (MG) — known as 'Hitler's Buzzsaw' for its high rate of fire. This combination makes them Rifle/MG teams. Sometimes the platoon command group grab an extra MP40 submachine-gun (SMG) or two, making them an SMG team instead.

#### **US PARACHUTE RIFLE PLATOON**

The American paratroopers are extremely well trained, determined, and combat hardened giving them a rating of Fearless Veteran. Their rifle squads make excellent use of their M1 Garand semi-automatic rifles and M1919 .30 cal MG's and are Rifle/MG teams. The mortar squad adds the punch of an M2 60mm mortar, while the headquarters is often reinforced with a bazooka for tackling tanks.



#### **FIREPOWER TESTS**

Infantry in bulletproof cover are very hard to dislodge. Only heavy weapons, or lucky shots, can harm them.

Hits on teams in bulletproof cover need to pass a firepower test to destroy the target. Roll the shooting weapon's firepower rating or better to destroy the team. If the roll is less, the team is unharmed.

Keep track of which type of weapon hit the team so you know which firepower rating to use.

#### **BULLETPROOF COVER**



WITH A FIREPOWER OF 6, THE RIFLE/MG TEAM NEEDS TO ROLL A 6 TO DESTROY THE TEAM IT HIT. ON A ROLL OF 4, THE GRENADIERS SURVIVE UNHARMED.

THE M2 60MM MORTAR HAS A FIREPOWER OF 3+. A ROLL OF 4 DESTROYS THE TEAM THAT IT HIT.

#### RETURN FIRE HITS THE MORTAR

#36E	Team	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepower	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	M2 60mm mortar	24"/60cm	2	1	3+	
	CETAR TEAM			GERMAN THEY SCI GOMM N	HE SURVIVING IS SHOOT BAC ORE A HIT ON NORTAR. AS A HAS A 5+ SA	CK, I THE I GUN
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#### **GUN SAVES**

While infantry can scatter to find cover, a gun crew have to cluster around their weapon, making them more vulnerable to enemy fire.

Guns have a 5+ save when hit. If they fail, they are destroyed unless they are in bulletproof cover, in which case the enemy need to roll their firepower or better to destroy them.

## **INFANTRY MOVING**

Infantry may not be fast, but they can go anywhere. Once they hit the dirt though, infantry can be hard to hit, and if they dig in as well, they are very resilient to enemy fire. Throw some terrain on the table and try it out!





#### **GONE TO GROUND**

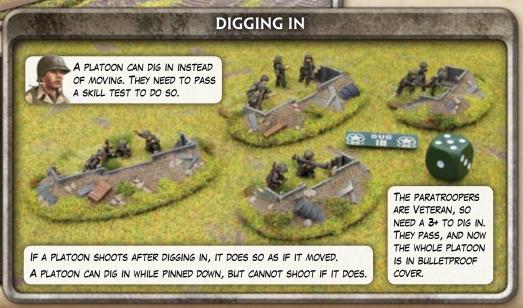
Sometimes it is better to keep your head down and stay alive than to shoot at the enemy.

A team that is concealed adds +1 to the score needed to hit it. If the team is also gone to ground, it adds another +1 for a total of +2 to hit. Teams that are gone to ground, but not concealed, are no harder to hit.

#### **FOXHOLES**

When a platoon digs in, the soldiers dig foxholes and slit trenches to protect themselves from enemy fire.

Mark the platoon with a dug in marker, or place a sculpted dug in marker with each team.



## PINNED DOWN BY FIRE

Attacking may win battles, but infantry don't always have that option. It's hard to advance on a hostile battlefield when heavy fire pins them to the ground.



#### RALLYING

A platoon that is hit five times in a step is pinned down, stopping it advancing and reducing its ability to fire. It cannot move towards the enemy until they rally in the Starting Step of their next turn. If they fail, they try again the following turn.

The Fearless US paratroopers rally on a roll of 3+.

The Confident grenadiers rally on a roll of 4+.

#### SHOOTING WHILE MOVING OR PINNED DOWN

OK soldier, listen up! The enemy are holed up in the woods and your job is to get around their flank and clear them out. Set up some terrain and try manoeuvring your infantry platoon to get the best shots while minimising the effectiveness of the enemy's shooting.

#### IF A TEAM SHOOTS WHILE MOVING OR PINNED DOWN, HALVES ITS RATE OF FIRE. INFANTRY AND GUNS CANNOT MOVE CLOSER TO VISIBLE ENEMY TEAMS WHILE PINNED DOWN, BUT A TEAM THAT MOVES WHILE CAN MOVE AWAY PINNED DOWN CANNOT SHOOT. FROM THE ENEMY.

#### RATE OF FIRE WHILE MOVING OR PINNED DOWN



#### RIFLE TEAMS

WEAPONS WITH ROF 1, SUCH AS A RIFLE TEAM, DO NOT REDUCE THEIR ROF WHEN MOVING. INSTEAD, THEY ADD +1 TO THE SCORE THEY NEED TO HIT.



MOST INFANTRY SQUADS HAVE A MIX OF RIFLES AND MACHINE-GUNS MAKING THEM RIFLE/MG TEAMS WITH A ROF 2.

Shooting on the move is not as effective as sitting still and taking careful aim, so teams halve their Rate of Fire (ROF) when shooting on the move. Likewise, infantry and gun teams halve their ROF when Pinned Down. Troops that move while Pinned Down cannot shoot at all.



#### MG TEAMS

MG TEAMS HAVE A ROF OF 3, BUT DUE TO THEIR EFFECTIVENESS IN DEFENCE SHOOT AT ROF 2 WHEN PINNED DOWN.



#### SMG TEAMS

USING LIGHTWEIGHT ASSAULT WEAPONS, SMG TEAMS CAN FIRE ON THE MOVE WITH THEIR FULL ROF OF 3.

ROF	Moving ROF	Pinned Down ROF	
1	1 (+1 to hit)	1 (+1 to hit)	
2 or 3	1	1	
MG team	1	2	
SMG team	3	1	

## **INFANTRY AGAINST TANKS**

Tanks are big, scary monsters, immune to a rifleman's bullets, but with their bazookas and their German equivalents, the *Panzerschreck* (Tank Terror) and *Panzerfaust* (Armoured Fist), the infantry are far from helpless against them. Tanks' main guns are overkill unless the infantry are dug in, so they usually return fire with their machine-guns.



#### **SCHÜRZEN**

The StuG G assault gun has Schürzen, skirting, on the sides to protect it against anti-tank rifles and bazookas.

Schürzen gives an extra 4+ save if the assault gun fails its armour save when hit in the side by a bazooka. It has no effect on shots hitting its thicker front armour.





#### NO HE

The Firefly VC is a specialist tank hunter. It has no HE (high explosive) ammunition, so can only use its co-ax machine-gun against infantry.

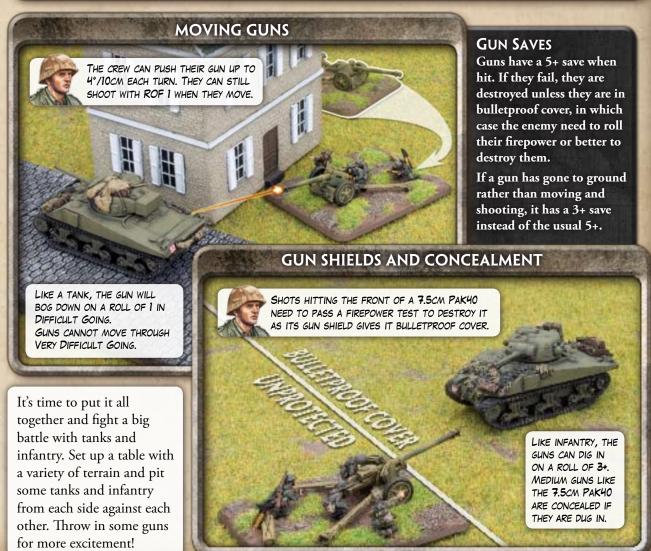
# HULL WEAPONS The StuG G assault gun has a hull-mounted main gun and a hullmounted machine-gun, so can only fire one or

the other each turn.

## **ANTI-TANK GUNS**

The infantry's anti-tank guns are always a nasty surprise for tanks. They pack the punch of a tank gun, but are cheap to make and easy to hide. No wonder the infantry love them!





## **ALLOCATING HITS**

Most soldiers simply blaze away at muzzle flashes or enemy soldiers glimpsed as they dash from cover to cover. Hitting the enemy is as much luck as skill, so even if a machine-gunner or bazooka man is hit by an unlucky shot, the commander can usually find another soldier to pick up the weapon.



## STAYING IN COMMAND

There's no point in an officer giving orders if there's no one around to carry them out. Platoons need to stick together if they are going to fight as a unit instead of a bunch of individuals. You need to bear this in mind when you move your platoons across the table.



#### COMMAND DISTANCE Experienced soldiers often know what to do without being told, and they are good at passing on orders when they need to as well. Raw conscripts on the other hand need to be well supervised if they are to avoid

Skill	Tanks
Veteran	8"/20cm
Trained	6"/15cm
Conscript	4"/10cm

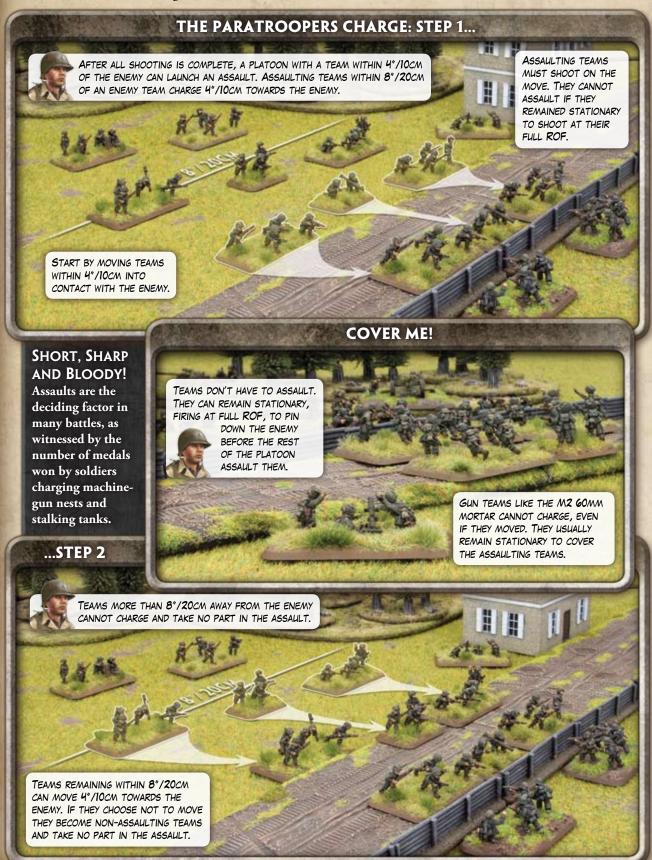
making stupid mistakes.

Skill	Others
Veteran	6"/15cm
Trained	4"/10cm
Conscript	2"/5cm



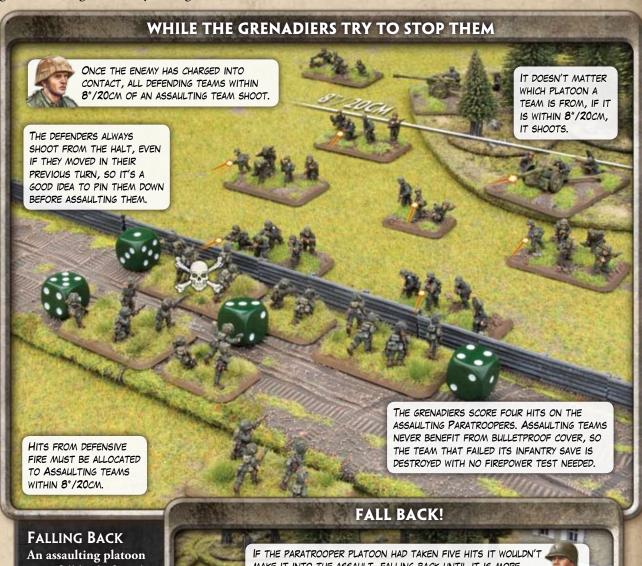
## **INFANTRY ASSAULTS**

It seems incredible that infantry survive on a battlefield under the fire of tanks and machine-guns, but once they take cover and dig in, they are remarkably tough. Sometimes the only way to dig them out is to launch an all-out infantry assault with bayonets and hand grenades. Set up two infantry platoons 4"/10cm apart, pick one to launch an assault and sound the charge!



## **DEFENSIVE FIRE**

VSS AULTS When the enemy charges, the defenders open fire with everything they've got, blazing away to try and stop the assault. If they can put out enough firepower, the assaulting troops will hit the deck before they get close enough to do any damage.



must fall back if it takes five or more hits from defensive fire, regardless of how many teams are actually destroyed. The assaulting teams fall back until they are more than 2"/5cm from the enemy.

#### TACTICAL TIP

Use your supporting troops to pin down the enemy platoon while your assault group moves into position to deliver the fatal strike.



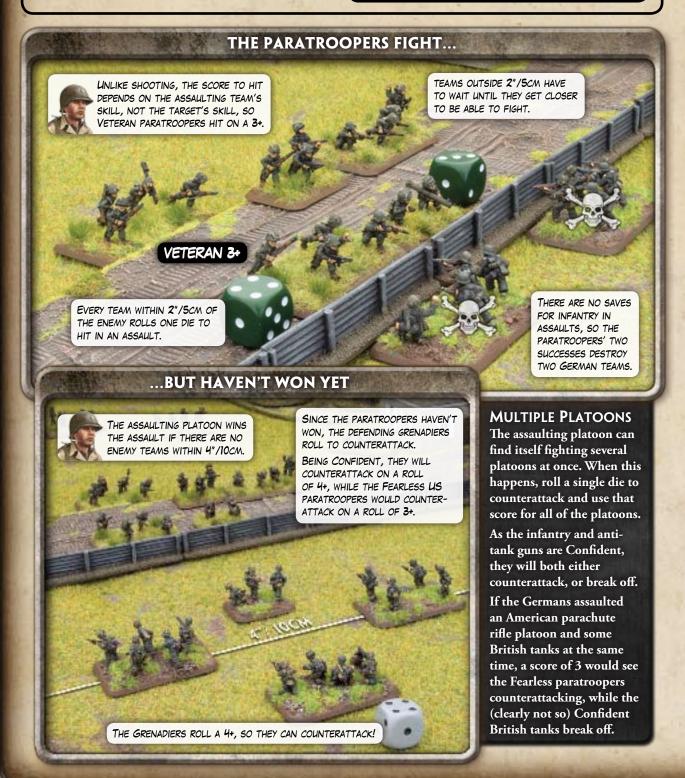
## FIGHTING IN ASSAULTS

Once the enemy get close, there's nowhere to hide, so its fight or die. Casualties are heavy with little chance of survival other than to kill the enemy before they kill you.

#### SCORE TO HIT IN ASSAULTS

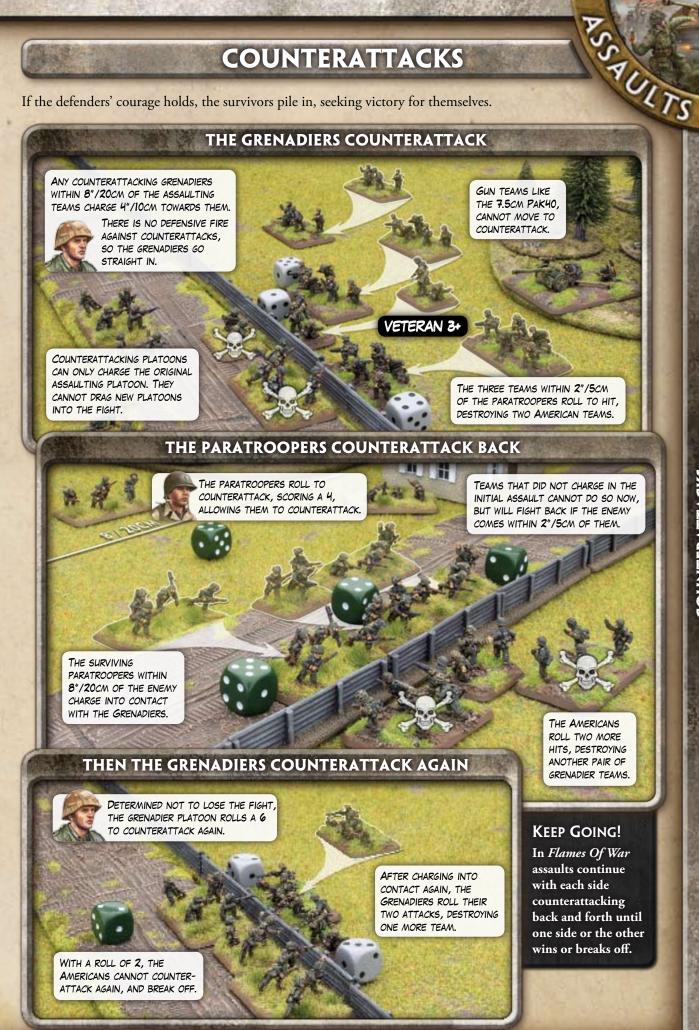
Unlike shooting, the score to hit in assaults is based on the assaulting team's skill. In the bloody fighting of assaults, it comes down to who's fastest on the draw. Veterans of many combats find raw conscripts easy meat to their onslaught.

Assaulting Team's Skill Level	Score Needed to Hit
Veteran	3 or higher
Trained	4 or higher
Conscript	5 or higher



## **COUNTERATTACKS**

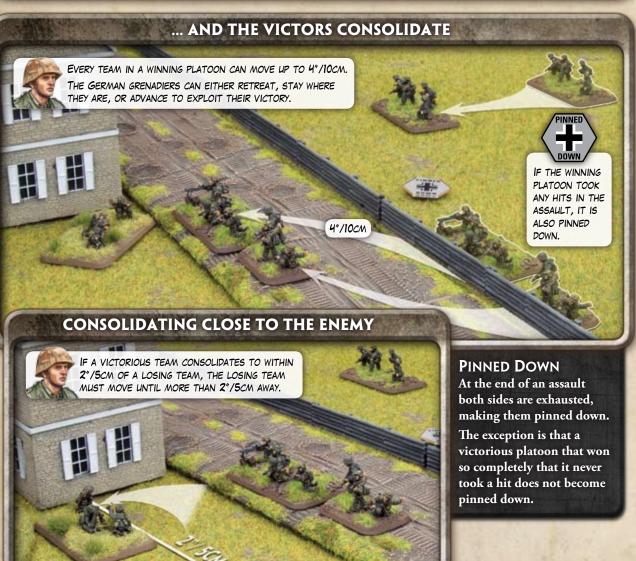
If the defenders' courage holds, the survivors pile in, seeking victory for themselves.



## **BREAKING OFF AND CONSOLIDATING**

A platoon losing the fight breaks off, trying to get away from the enemy. The victors either pursue them or establish their own defensive position ready for any counterattack.





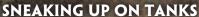
## **INFANTRY ASSAULTING TANKS**

Tanks are huge steel monsters, and any sensible infantryman prays never to meet one up close. If they have that misfortune, they rely on cunning, luck, and sheer bravery to take them out. Work through an assault by a platoon of US paratroopers on a German platoon of assault guns as you read the next few pages.



# COUNTERATTACK AGAINST TANKS Normally a platoon that didn't take any hits from the

that didn't take
any hits from the
enemy automatically
passes their roll
to counterattack.
However, platoons
fighting tanks need to
roll, even if they didn't
take any hits.





#### SNEAKING UP ON TANKS

Teams that did not move or shoot, and then assaulted from concealment can sneak up on a tank and blind it with a smoke grenade, flour bomb, or even a spare coat over the optics before it can defend itself. The tank cannot shoot in defensive fire, although it can fight as normal in the assault.

#### THE ASSAULT GUNS' DEFENSIVE FIRE



## **ASSAULT ARMOUR SAVES**



## TANK ASSAULT

The inability of a rifle to penetrate a tank no longer matters once the infantry get close enough. Now all that matters is the ingenuity of the soldier in working out how to disable a tank with the tools at hand.



#### TOP ARMOUR

To an infantryman, the thickness of a tank's armour doesn't matter much. What matters is how vulnerable it is to a grenade in the right place. As a result, tanks use their top armour rating against infantry assaults.

#### **GAMMON BOMBS**

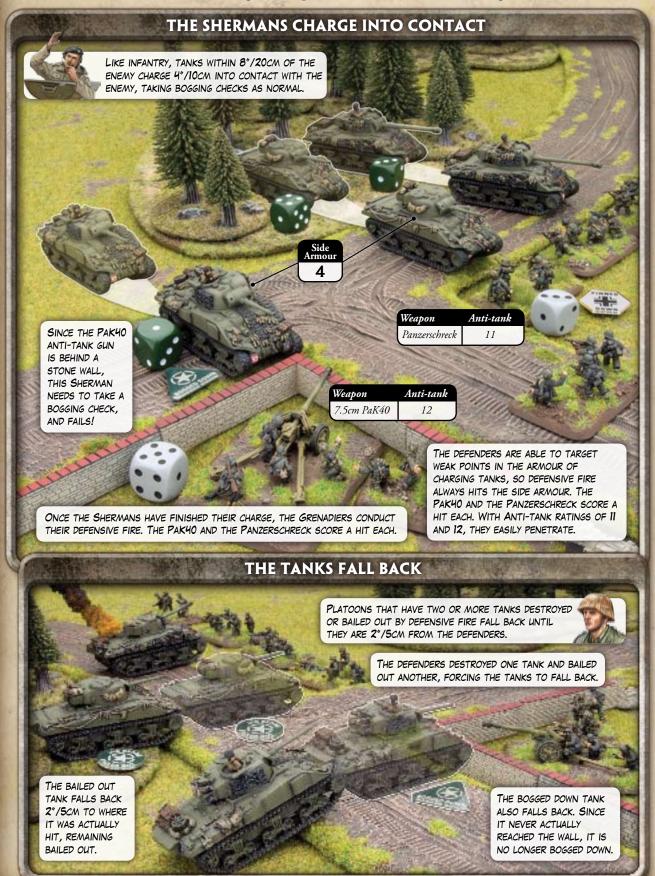
Paratroopers are armed with Gammon bombs that are ideal for close-in anti-tank work. These give them a tank assault rating of 3.



ANTI-TANK WEAPONS						
When Shooting				IN ASSAULTS		
Weapon	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepower	Tank Assault (against Top Armour)	
Rifle/MG	16"/40cm	2	2	6	2 (3 with Gammon Bombs)	
Bazooka	8"/20cm	1	10	5+	4	
Panzerschreck	8"/20cm	2	11	5+	5	
Panzerfaust	4"/10cm	1	12	5+	6	

## TANKS ASSAULTING

Despite the power of their guns, there are times when crushing the enemy under its tracks is the best tactic for aggressively-handled tanks. Tanks assault in the same way that infantry do, but with a few changes. Grab some Sherman tanks and launch an assault on a grenadier platoon backed by some anti-tank guns.

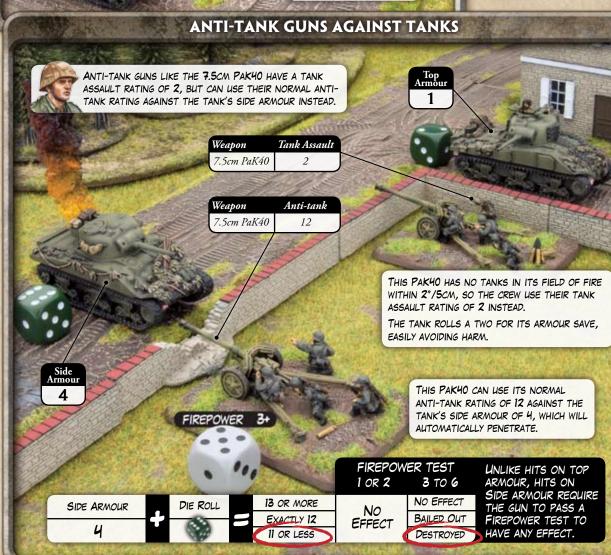


## **ANTI-TANK GUNS IN ASSAULTS**

PSS AULTS Anti-tank guns are most effective at range, but if assaulted, will keep shooting to the last. The guns bark, hurling armour-piercing shot after shot as long as they have a target. When outflanked and threatened with being crushed under the tracks of a tank, the gunners use hand grenades to drive the tank off.

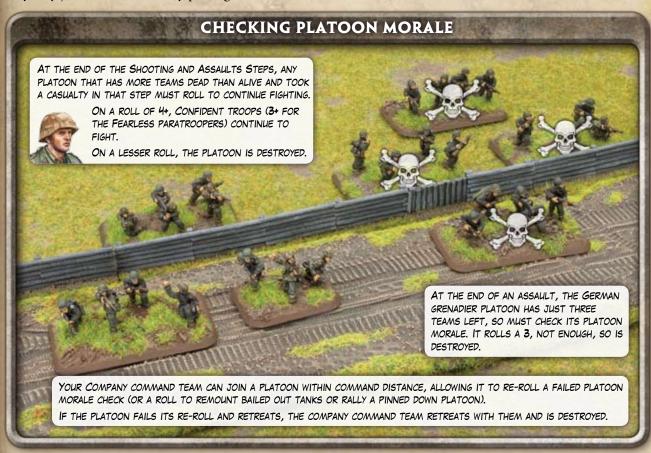


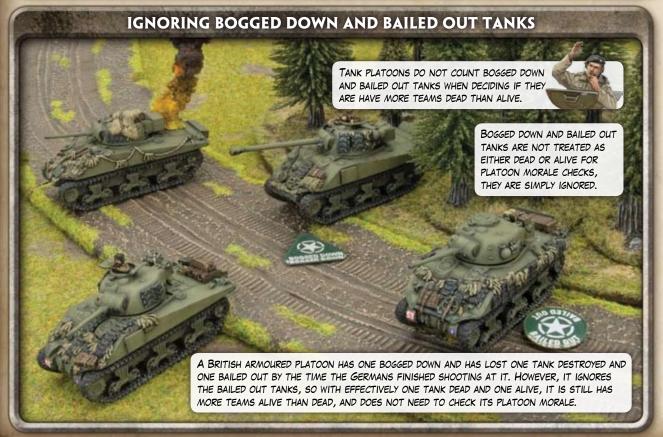
**GUNS IN ASSAULTS** In assaults, anti-tank guns roll one die to hit like infantry. The crew can then choose to either attack the tank using their tank assault rating of 2 against the tank's top armour, or if the tank is in their field of fire, they can use their normal Anti-tank rating against its Side armour rating.



## **CHECKING MORALE**

Most soldiers fight bravely, but everyone has their limits. As their comrades fall around them, even the bravest start considering the option of running away. If your platoons take too many casualties from shooting or assaults, they may just retreat, effectively putting them out of the battle.





## WINNING THE GAME

The are two ways of winning a battle. The simplest, but hardest to accomplish, is to destroy your opponent completely. The more subtle way is to simply take your objectives.



#### **OBJECTIVES**

Flames Of War is usually played with missions that set two objectives for each player, although you only need to capture one to win the game. Objectives are 2½"/63mm wide by 2"/50mm deep.

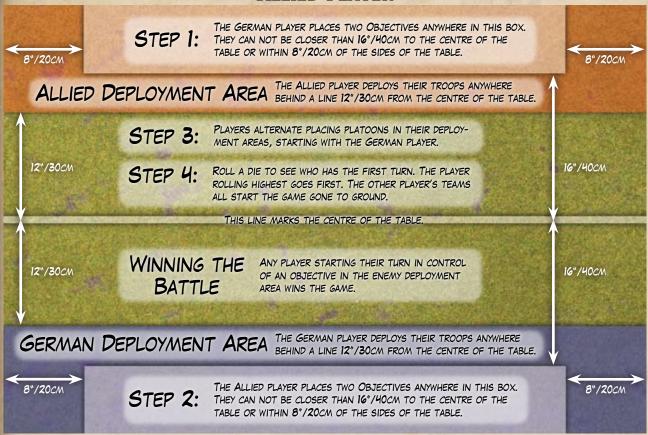


THE ALLIED PLAYER ONLY HAS A BAILED OUT SHERMAN TANK WITHIN 4"/10CM OF THE OBJECTIVE. THE PINNED GERMAN GRENADIER PLATOON HAS TEAMS WITHIN 4"/10CM, SO THEY WIN THE GAME.

## FREE-FOR-ALL MISSION

Flames Of War is most commonly played using missions that set objectives for your troops to take or hold. Free-forall is a basic mission in which you must seize one of your objectives before the enemy seizes one of theirs. Set up a table and choose sides, then follow the instructions in the diagram below.





#### GERMAN PLAYER

## SETTING UP A TABLE

Your troops will need a battlefield to fight on before they can claim victory! For smaller games, like pitting the forces from *Open Fire* against each other, a kitchen table or 4'x4' (120cm x 120cm) table is a good size. Once you add a few more units to each side you'll want to increase your playing area to 6'x4' (180cm x 120cm).

Woods, wall, buildings, roads and hills give your troops something to fight over. Use the cardboard terrain from the *Open Fire* box to get you started, adding things around the house, such as boxes for hills. After a few games, you will want to collect pre-painted terrain like the *Battlefield in a Box* range.



## **BUILDING YOUR ARMY**

The intelligence briefings in the next section and BRITISH ARMOURED SQUADRON in the various Flames Of War battle books show you how to build your army.

The company diagram for your force tells you which platoons you can choose from. Each box represents a platoon that is available to your company.

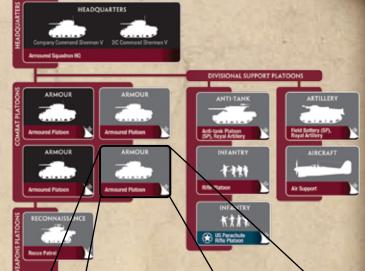
The black boxes show compulsory platoons, so this British Armoured Squadron must take:

- an Armoured Squadron HQ and
- two Armoured Platoons.

The grey boxes show additional platoons that you can add to this core. For example you could add:

- two more Armoured Platoons,
- a Recce Patrol,
- an Anti-tank Platoon (SP), and
- Air Support.

(See page 34)



#### ARMOURED PLATOON

#### **PLATOON**

3 Sherman V and 1 Firefly VC

2 Sherman V and 1 Firefly VC

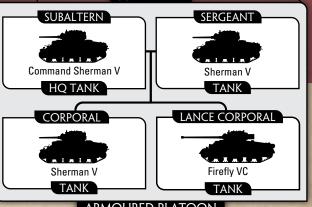
280 points

215 points

Each platoon has a points value, and often has options for fielding it at different strengths.

To build a force, simply agree on a points limit with your opponent and add platoons until you reach this limit. This should ensure that you and your opponent have equivalent forces.

#### SUBALTERN

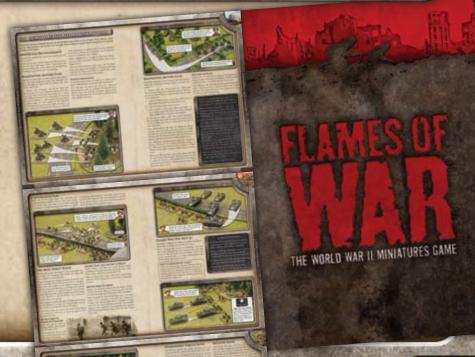


ARMOURED PLATOON

## **ADVANCED RULES**

The rules that you have just read give you the basics for playing your first few games. After you've played a few games you'll be ready to move on to the Flames Of War rulebook, which expands on what you already know and adds rules for specialist units to give you endless variation to your games, including:

- Artillery,
- Aircraft,
- Reconnaissance,
- Engineers and Fortifications,
- National Special Rules,
- twelve more missions,
- and much, much more.



## ARMOURED SQUADRON

(ARMOURED COMPANY)



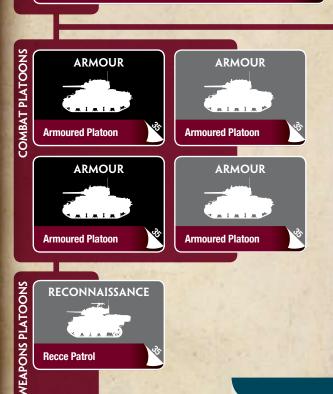


Armoured squadrons spearheaded the British offensives to capture the V-1 buzz-bomb launch sites and the crossings over the Rhine River in late 1944. As they fought their way to the bridges at Nijmegen and Arnhem, the tanks linked up with American paratroopers holding Hell's Highway.

You can form your own Armoured Squadron using this intelligence briefing. Start with your headquarters and the platoons shown in black, then add platoons shown in grey until you reach the agreed points limit.









(\*)

US Parachute Rifle Platoons fought alongside British Armoured Squadrons on Hell's Highway on the way to Arnhem in September 1944.

**US ALLIES** 

### **COMBAT PLATOONS**

#### **ARMOURED PLATOON**

#### **PLATOON**

3 Sherman V and 1 Firefly VC

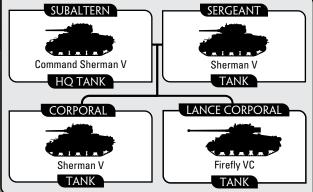
2 Sherman V and 1 Firefly VC

280 points 215 points

Armoured platoons are the heart of an armoured squadron. Their combination of speed, armour, and firepower, especially with the extra anti-tank punch of the Firefly VC, enable them to tackle any opposition.



SUBALTERN



#### ARMOURED PLATOON

■ BBX08—SHERMAN ARMOURED PLATOON
BR121—SHERMAN FIREFLY VC ▼
■ BR120—SHERMAN V



#### **RECCE PATROL**

#### PLATOON

4 Stuart V or VI

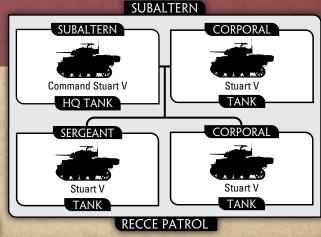
3 Stuart V or VI

160 points120 points

Recce Patrols are Reconnaissance Platoons, which use all of the Reconnaissance special rules found in the Flames Of War rulebook.

Stuart light tanks scout ahead of the armoured platoons, seeking out enemy ambushes, and locating enemy antitank guns.

**BRO09**—STUART V



# **SUPPORT PLATOONS**

# **AIRCRAFT**



**Typhoon** 220 points

LIMITED AIR SUPPORT

170 points **Typhoon** 

AC005—TYPHOON



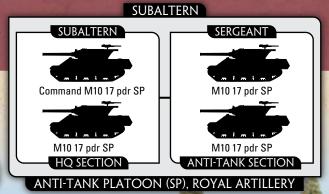
# ANTI-TANK PLATOON (SP), ROYAL ARTILLERY

#### **PLATOON**

4 M10C 17 pdr SP 260 points 2 M10C 17 pdr SP 130 points

The Royal Artillery's self-propelled (SP) anti-tank platoons pack the punch needed to knock out heavy German Panther and Tiger tanks. They are ideal for covering the armoured platoons' advance.

BR151—M10C 17 PDR SP



# FIELD BATTERY (SP), ROYAL ARTILLERY

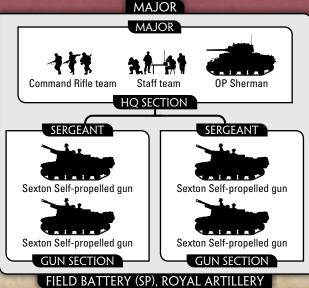
#### **PLATOON**

### HQ Section with:

4 Sexton 2 Sexton 195 points 110 points

The Sexton self-propelled 25 pdr guns are the armoured squadron's artillery support. Using their Sherman observation post (OP) to spot targets for them, they can bombard anything on table. They are perfect for softening up anti-tank guns and infantry before the armoured platoons close and finish them off.

> **BR172**—SEXTON **BR710**—ARTILLERY HQ **BR120—OP SHERMAN**





# RIFLE PLATOON

#### **PLATOON**

#### **HQ** Section with:

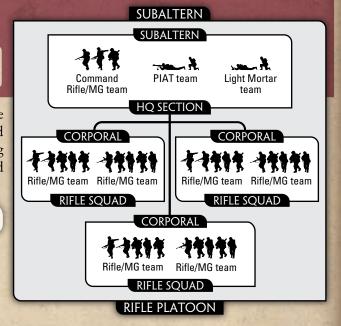
3 Rifle Squads

140 points

2 Rifle Squads 105 points The armoured platoons are powerful, but they are vulnerable in towns and woods. That's when they need

the infantry to take the lead. With the tanks providing covering fire, the infantry assault German infantry and guns trying to block the squadron's advance.

**BR722**—RIFLE PLATOON



# **US SUPPORT PLATOONS**

# PARACHUTE RIFLE PLATOON

#### **PLATOON**

HQ Section and Mortar squad with:

3 Rifle Squads

265 points

2 Rifle Squads

205 points

American paratroopers are excellently trained and battle hardened. They are rated as Fearless Veteran.

> RELUCTANT CONSCRIPT TRAINED **FEARLESS VETERAN**

▼ US723—PARACHUTE RIFLE PLATOON

#### LIEUTENANT

Command SMG team

HQ SECTION

Rifle/MG team Rifle/MG team RIFLE SQUAD

Rifle/MG team Rifle/MG team RIFLE SQUAD

Rifle/MG team Rifle/MG team RIFLE SQUAD

M2 60mm mortar Bazooka team

PARACHUTE RIFLE PLATOON



# **BRITISH ARSENAL**

# **TANK TEAMS**

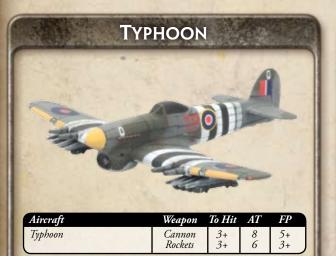
Name Weapon	Mobility <i>Range</i>	Front ROF	Armour Side Anti-tank	Top Firepower	Equipment and Notes
Stuart V or VI M6 37mm gun	Light Tank 24"/60cm	4 2	2 7	1 4+	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Recce.
Sherman V M3 75mm gun	Standard Tank 32"/80cm	6 2	4 10	1 3+	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Tow hook. Semi-indirect fire, Smoke.
Firefly VC OQF 17 pdr gun	Standard Tank 32"/80cm	6 2	4 13	1 3+	Co-ax MG, Tow hook.  No HE, Semi-indirect fire.
M10C 17 pdr SP OQF 17 pdr gun	Standard Tank 32"/80cm	4 2	2 13	0 3+	.50 cal AA MG. No HE, Slow traverse.
Sexton OQF 25 pdr gun Firing bombardments	Standard Tank 24"/60cm 80"/200cm	1 2 -	0 9 4	0 3+ 5+	AA MG. Hull mounted, Smoke. Smoke bombardment.
Sherman OP	Standard Tank	6	4	1	Hull MG.

# **INFANTRY & GUN TEAMS**

Infantry Team	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepowe	ver Notes	
Rifle team	16"/40cm	1	2	6		
Rifle/MG team	16"/40cm	2	2	6	Gammon bombs with Tank Assault 3 for US paratroopers.	s.
SMG team	4"/10cm	3	1	6	Full ROF when moving.	
Light Mortar team	16"/40cm	1	1	4+	Smoke, Can fire over friendly teams.	
PIAT or Bazooka team	8"/20cm	1	10	5+	Tank Assault 4.	
Staff team	16"/40cm	1	2	6	Moves as a Heavy Gun team.	
Gun Team	Mobility	Ra	nge 1	ROF A	Anti-tank Firepower Notes	
M2 60mm mortar	Man-packed	24"/	60cm	2	1 3+ Can fire over friendly troops.	
Firing bombardments		32"/	80cm	-	1 6	

# **AIRCRAFT**

Aircraft	Weapon	To Hit	Anti-tank	Firepowe
Typhoon	Cannon	3+	8	5+
	Rockets	3+	6	3+



The Hawker Typhoon provides close air support, rocketing enemy tanks and guns ahead of advancing British tanks and infantry.



# **SPECIAL RULES**

Flames Of War uses special rules to bring out the character of each country's army. The British for instance, have a British Bulldog special rule to reflect their dogged determination to hold on to any ground they took. In a similar vein, the Germans have a Mission Tactics special rule that allows them to replace destroyed command teams.

Some tanks and guns have special rules too, such as the Semi-indirect Fire rule that allows stationary tanks to reroll their misses at long range and the wide tracks rule that makes them less likely to become bogged down. Once you are familiar with the basic rules, you can look up the special rules in the rulebook and add them to your games.











# Grenadierkompanie (Infantry Company)

RELUCTANT CONSCRIPT
CONFIDENT TRAINED
FEARLESS VETERAN



The humble grenadier is the heart of the German Army. Day after day, battle after battle, they stand their ground, holding back the rising Allied tide. They fortified every village, typically with a force of a company of grenadiers, a couple of antitank guns, and a platoon of assault guns or tanks

If the British drive them from their positions, the grenadiers counterattack to recapture the village with the support of heavy Tiger tanks.

You can form a Grenadierkompanie from this intelligence briefing. Start with your headquarters and the platoons shown in black, then add platoons shown in grey until you reach the agreed points limit.

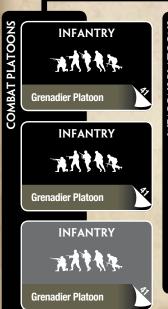
> Assign the anti-tank section from the company headquarters to whichever of your grenadier platoons needs extra protection from tanks.



#### **HEADQUARTERS**

Grenadierkompanie HQ

70 points







**DIVISIONAL SUPPORT PLATOONS** 

# **COMBAT PLATOONS**

# **GRENADIER PLATOON**

#### **PLATOON**

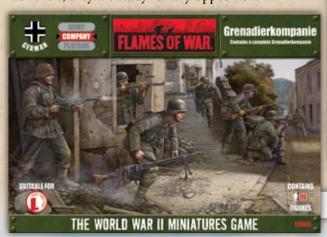
HQ Section with:

3 Grenadier Squads

2 Grenadier Squads

165 points 120 points

The infantry were awarded the title of 'Grenadier' by Hitler in recognition of their skill and bravery. Armed with MG42 machine-guns and Panzerfaust anti-tank launchers, they are ready for any opposition.



# LEUTNANT

LEUTNANT

Command Panzerfaust SMG team HQ SECTION

UNTEROFFIZIER

ANTA A Rifle/MG team

\*\*\* Rifle/MG team

**GRENADIER SQUAD** 

# UNTEROFFIZIER

EPMAN

Rifle/MG team

オデスタ

Rifle/MG team

UNTEROFFIZIER

Rifle/MG team

Rifle/MG team

GRENADIER SQUAD

GRENADIER PLATOON

-GRENADIERKOMPANIE GBX74-



# **WEAPONS PLATOONS**

# GRENADIER MACHINE-GUN PLATOON

#### **PLATOON**

**HQ** Section with:

4 MG42

135 points

2 MG42

70 points

Grenadier Machine-gun Platoons may make Combat Attachments to Combat Platoons using the rules found in the rulebook.

▼ GE734—MACHINE-GUN PLATOON

LEUTNANT

LEUTNANT

Command SMG team

HQ SECTION

UNTEROFFIZIER

不能社会

MG42 HMG

**ARAL** 

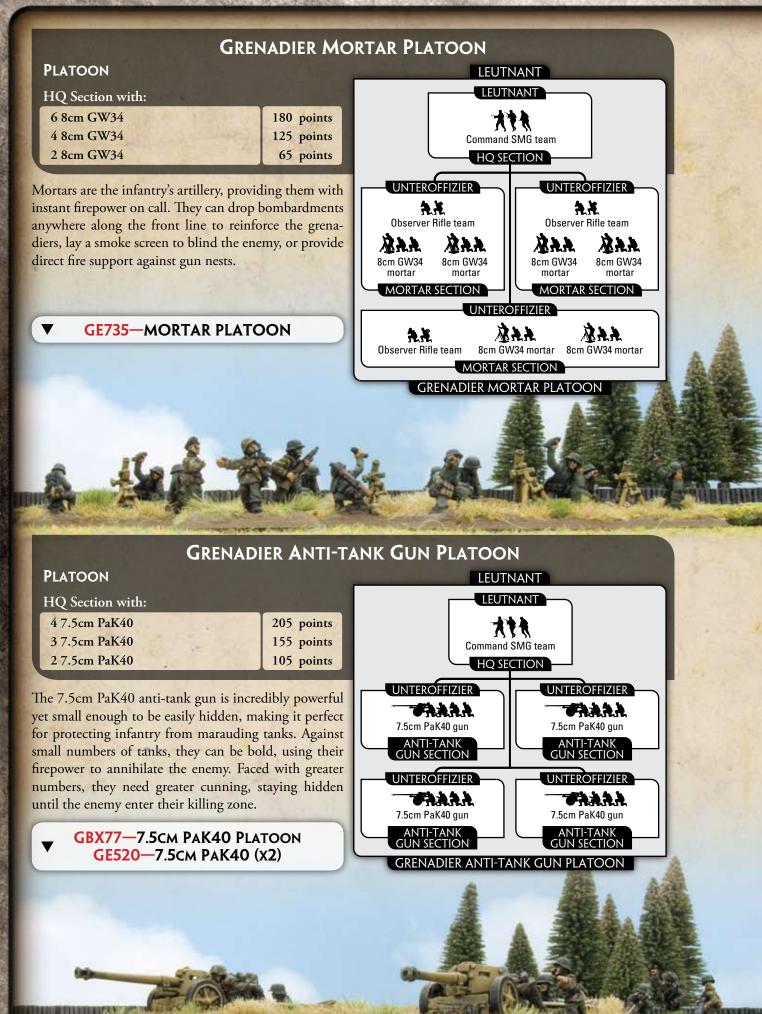
MG42 HMG

MACHINE-GUN

不能社会 MG42 HMG MG42 HMG

GRENADIER MACHINE-GUN PLAT





# **SUPPORT PLATOONS**

# **HEAVY ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN PLATOON**

#### **PLATOON**

HQ Section with:

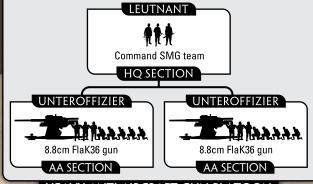
2 8.8cm FlaK36

180 points 90 points

8.8cm FlaK 36

Platoon

1 8.8cm FlaK36



LEUTNANT

# HEAVY ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN PLATOON

The dreaded '88' instills fear in Allied tankers and pilots alike. Neither tanks nor aircraft last long once the 88's open fire on them.

■ GBX11—8.8cm FlaK36 Platoon



### **PLATOON**

HQ Section with:

4 10.5cm leFH18 210 points 2 10.5cm leFH18 115 points

THE WORLD WAR II MINIATURES GAME

4 15cm leFH18 310 points 2 15cm leFH18 160 points



HAUPTMANN
HAUPTMANN
Command SMG team
Staff team

HQ SECTION
LEUTNANT

Observer Rifle team
Howitzer

Howitzer
GUN SECTION

Observer Rifle team
Howitzer
Howitzer
GUN SECTION

LEUTNANT

ARTILLERY BATTERY

GBX13—ARTILLERY BATTERY

GBX20— ▼ HEAVY ARTILLERY BATTERY



# **GBX25**—STUG G PLATOON GE123—STUG G

StuG G assault guns are the infantry's armour. They are an ideal mobile reserve, hunting tanks that break through the infantry's defences and counterattacking to regain lost positions.

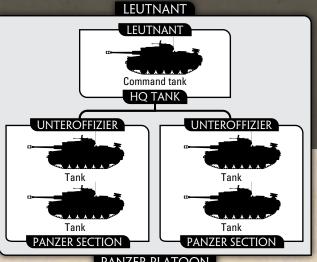
When the grenadiers attack, the assault guns advance with them, knocking out enemy machine-gun nests and strongpoints to cover the infantry's advance.



# PANZER PLATOON

PLATOON	
5 StuG G	475 points
4 StuG G	380 points
3 StuG G	285 points
5 Panther A	940 points
4 Panther A	750 points
3 Panther A	560 points

By Allied standards, the Panther tank, weighing in at 45-tonnes, is a heavy tank. For the Germans though, it is just their latest battle tank—like the American Sherman tank, and is produced in large numbers for the panzer divisions. The Panther's gun easily penetrates Allied tanks, while its thick front armour bounces most Allied guns with ease. When the Panthers counterattack with the grenadiers, the Allies run for cover!



### PANZER PLATOON





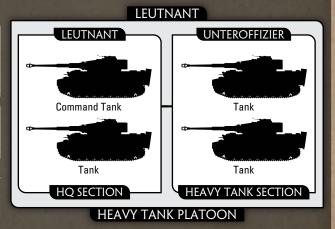
# ■ GBX15—TIGER 1 E PLATOON ■ GBX16—TIGER ACE MICHAEL WITTMAN

The legendary 56-tonne Tiger tank mounts the dreaded '88' gun and armour thick enough to shrug off most guns, even from the flank where other tanks are vulnerable. Their power and near invulnerability allows Tiger crews to rack up dozens or even hundreds of tanks destroyed for each of their own losses.

# **HEAVY TANK PLATOON**

PLATOON	
4 Tiger I E	860 points
3 Tiger I E	645 points
2 Tiger I E	430 points
1 Tiger I E	215 points
3 Königstiger (Henschel)	1035 points
2 Königstiger (Henschel)	690 points
1 Königstiger (Henschel)	345 points

Only the best candidates are selected to crew Tiger tanks. To reflect their extraordinary performance, you can use the Tiger Ace Skills rules found in the rulebook.





The new *Königstiger* (King Tiger) is even heavier at 72 tonnes, with thicker armour and a longer, more powerful gun, ensuring that nothing can stand up to it in a one-on-one duel.

■ GBX30—KÖNIGSTIGER PLATOON GBX14—KÖNIGSTIGER



# GERMAN ARSENAL

# TANK TEAMS

Name Weapon	Mobility <i>Range</i>	Front ROF	Armour Side Anti-tank	Top Firepower	Equipment and Notes
StuG G	Standard Tank	7	3	1	Hull MG, Protected ammo, Schürzen.  Hull mounted.
7.5cm StuK40 gun	32"/80cm	2	11	3+	
Panther A 7.5cm KwK42 gun	Standard Tank 32"/80cm	10 2	5 14	1 3+	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Wide tracks.
Tiger I E	Slow Tank	9	8	2	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Protected ammo, Wide tracks. <i>Slow traverse.</i>
8.8cm KwK36 gun	40"/100cm	2	13	3+	
Königstiger (Henschel)	Slow Tank 40"/100cm	15	8	2	Co-ax MG, Hull MG, Overloaded.
8.8cm KwK43 gun		2	16	3+	Slow traverse.

# **GUN TEAMS**

Weapon	Mobility	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepower	Notes
MG42 HMG	Man-packed	24"/60cm	6	2	6	ROF 3 when pinned down or moving.
8cm GW34 mortar Firing bombardments	Man-packed	24"/60cm 40"/100cm	2 -	2 2	3+ 6	Smoke, Minimum range 8"/20cm. Smoke bombardment.
7.5cm PaK40 gun	Medium	32"/80cm	2	12	3+	Gun shield.
8.8cm FlaK36 gun	Immobile	40"/100cm	3	13	3+	Gun shield, Heavy anti-aircraft, Turntable.
10.5cm leFH18 howitzer Firing bombardments	Immobile	24"/60cm 72"/180cm	1 -	10 4	2+ 4+	Breakthrough gun, Gun shield, Smoke. Smoke bombardment.
15cm sFH18 howitzer Firing bombardments	Immobile	24"/60cm 80"/200cm	1 -	13 5	1+ 2+	Bunker buster, Smoke. Smoke bombardment.

# **INFANTRY TEAMS**

Team	Range	ROF	Anti-tank	Firepower	Notes
Rifle/MG team	16"/40cm	2	2	6	
SMG team	4"/10cm	3	1	6	Full ROF when moving.
Panzerschreck team	8"/20cm	2	11	5+	Tank Assault 5.
Observer Rifle team	16"/40cm	1	2	6	Observer.
Staff team	16"/40cm	1	2	6	Moves as a Heavy Gun team.

#### ADDITIONAL TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT

Panzerfaust 4"/10cm 1 12 5+ Tank Assault 6, Cannot shoot in the Shooting Step if moved in the Movement Step.

# 10.5CM LEFH18 HOWITZER



Notes Breakthrough gun, Gun shield, Smoke bombardment.

The 10.5cm leFH18 light field howitzer is the work-horse of the German artillery. It is powerful enough to knock out tanks as well as dug-in infantry.

# 15CM SFH18 HOWITZER



The 15cm sFH18 howitzer is the German's heavy hitter, throwing a massive 15cm (6") shell weighing 44kg (95 lb) more than 13km (8 miles).



Nothing made an Allied tanker sweat more than the thought of facing a Tiger tank.



shots with ease, yet was still highly mobile.



The StuG G assault gun mounted a powerful 7.5cm gun on the chassis of the old Panzer III tank, creating a superb infantry-support weapon.







for its capabilities. Firing from ambush, it will

penetrate any Allied tank with ease.



# **PAINTING GUIDE**

Painting is an integral part of the wargaming hobby. Most wargamers hate to play games with unpainted miniatures, and for good reason. The visual, tactile nature of well painted models and terrain is what separates tabletop wargaming from other, less creative, pastimes. Painting is fun and rewarding, even if it can seem daunting at first to beginners.

By following these easy step-by-step guides, you'll have your forces ready for the table in no time. For more painting, modelling and hobby inspiration, be sure to read the *Flames Of War Hobby* book, that comes with the *Flames Of War* rulebook.



All colour names and codes given are for the Vallejo range of *Flames Of War* paints, available from the online store and *Flames Of War* Stockists. More comprehensive painting and modelling guides can be found on our website, *www.FlamesOfWar.com*.

All the colours you need to paint your Germans can be found in

QPS01 Quartermasters Paint Set, GPS01 German Infantry Paint Set, and GPS02 German Armour Paint Set. Other useful products are QPS02 Utility Set, and the War Paint range of spray paints. German Cam. Dark Green (979) Helmet

> Flat Flesh (955) Exposed flesh

Black (950) Webbing, pouches

German Fieldgrey (830)
Tunic, trousers

**Beige Brown (875)** Rifle wood, tool and grenade handles

Gunmetal (863)
Gun metal, mess tin, canteen top,
tool heads

German Camo Beige (821) Anklets, bread bag, rifle sling

**Green Grey (886)**Alternative Bread bag, gas mask strap

German Cam. Dark Green (979) Gas mask canister

German Cam. Medium Brown (826) Boots



D Gas mask canister

# **PAINTING GERMAN INFANTRY**



After clipping your figures off the frame and trimming away any small cast lines, undercoat them with a black spray-can primer or thinned black paint, being careful not to miss any areas.



Paint the main colours according to the guide on the opposite page, leaving some of the shadow colour showing in the recessed areas. Your figures are now finished to a basic standard – not super artistic, but ready to for the gaming table.



Basecoat the figures using a darker version of each main colour, to create shadows: eg. *German Camo Dark Green (979)* for the uniforms, and *Beige Brown (875)* for the flesh areas. Or you could mix a tiny amount of black with the main colour.



If you want to spend a bit of extra time to make sure your figures to look their best, you can add more detail as a final step. Lighten each main colour by adding a little white or another light colour, and paint highlights on raised areas, to give more depth and definition.

# PAINTING GERMAN TANKS



After assembling your models and undercoating them with black primer, block-paint the vehicles *Middlestone* (882), leaving a little black showing in the recesses. Add a little white to the *Middlestone* and drybrush the model to add highlights.



Paint the tracks *Flat Brown (984)*. Adding decals at this stage is a great way to add visual interest and historical realism to your vehicles. Visit *www.FlamesOfWar.com* for guides on what decals to use and how to apply them.



Add camouflage, using *Chocolate Brown* (872) and *Reflective Green* (890). To paint soft-edged camouflage mix some of each camouflage colour with Middlestone and paint it on in three successively narrower layers, adding a little more camouflage colour to each stage.



To finish, drybrush the tracks and the machine-gun Gunmetal Grey (863). Paint the tool handles Beige Brown (875) and the tool heads Gunmetal Grey.

# THE V1 ROCKET

Follow the German tank painting guide to paint the V1 Rocket launcher rails. Not all Launcher rails were camouflaged, so feel free to leave that step out.

For the V1 itself, paint the upper surfaces *German Camo Dark Green (979)*, and the lower surfaces *Pale Grey Blue (907)*.

# PAINTING ALLIES

The first combat uniform issued to US airborne troopers, the M1942, was purpose designed for airborne troops by Maj. William Yarborough (who was also the designer of the US Airborne parachute wings). The design included features such as pockets cut on the diagonal to allow easy access while wearing webbing equipment and large, expanding, bellows style leg pockets that became a trademark of the wartime US airborne trooper. Paint your paratroopers' uniforms a 50/50 mix of *Khaki* (988) and *Green Grey* (886), with *US Dark Green* (893) elbow and knee patches

After the US airborne forces were withdrawn from Normandy they were refitted and brought back up to strength ready for the next mission. This included the widespread issue of the brand new M1943 olive drab uniform to the veterans of the 82<sup>nd</sup> and 101<sup>st</sup> divisions. To paint your paratroopers in the later uniform use *US Dark Green (893)*.

for this earlier uniform.

All the colours you need to paint your US and British troops can be found in *QPS01 Quartermasters Paint Set*, *BPS01 British Paint Set*, and *UPS01 US Paint Set*.

Other useful products are *QPS02 Utility Set*, and the *War Paint* range of spray paints.

**Brown Violet (887)**Helmet and Grenades

Flat Earth (983) Helmet camouflage

Khaki (988) Green Grey (886) Normandy Uniform

**US Dark Green (893)** M1943 Uniform Colour, Elbow and Knee Patches

**Green Grey (886)**Webbing and Backpacks

Flat Flesh (955) Exposed flesh

Beige Brown (875) Rifle wood and tool handles

**Gunmetal (863)** Rifle Barrel, SMG, and Machine Guns

Flat Brown (984) Helmet strap, boots

# **PAINTING US PARATROOPERS**

1



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2



Basecoat the figures using a darker version of each main colour, to create shadows: eg. *German Camo Dark Green (979)* for the uniforms, and *Beige Brown (875)* for the flesh areas. Or you could mix a tiny amount of black with the main colour.





If you want to spend a bit of extra time to make sure your figures to look their best, you can add more detail as a final step. Lighten each main colour by adding a little white or another light colour, and paint highlights on raised areas, to give more depth and definition.

# PAINTING BRITISH SHERMANS





A quick alternative to the method shown on page 49 is to spray undercoat your tanks with War Paint *SP01 British Armour (late)*. You could also use *Russian Uniform (924)*, applied in a few thinned-down coats.





Apply a wash of *Black Shade (201)*, thinned down with water. This will settle into the recesses and around raised detail, to create shadows and give the tank definition.





Once the shade wash is thoroughly dry, drybrush the tank with *Russian Uniform* (924), lightened with a little *Green Grey* (886). Paint the tracks, machine-guns and tools *Black* (950).





Drybrush the tracks and the machine-guns *Gunmetal Grey (863)*. Paint the tool handles *Beige Brown (875)* and the tool heads *Gunmetal Grey*. Lightly drybrush the lower vehicle with *Flat Earth (983)* to simulate mud.

# RULES SUMMARY

You now know the basics of the rules. It's time to gather your forces and play a complete game. To make this easy, here's a summary of everything you've learned so far in the order in which you'll use it in a turn.

MOTIVATION TESTS					
Motivation	Score Needed				
Fearless	3+				
Confident	4+				
Reluctant	5+				

Two of the most common die rolls in the *Flames Of War* rules are Motivation Tests and Skill Tests. These tables give the scores needed based on the Motivation and Skill ratings of the troops taking the test.

SKILL TESTS					
Skill	Score Needed				
Veteran	3+				
Trained	4+				
Conscript	5+				

# STARTING STEP

In the Staring Step you check the status of your force and attempt to rally your troops.

# **CHECK COMPANY MORALE (PAGE 31)**

Pass a Motivation Test to continue fighting if your company has more platoons destroyed than still fighting.

### **CHECK VICTORY CONDITIONS (PAGE 31)**

Win the game if you have taken an objective.

### RALLY PINNED DOWN PLATOONS (PAGE 15)

Pass a Motivation Test to rally a pinned down platoon.

#### RE-MOUNT BAILED OUT TANKS (PAGE 7)

Pass a Motivation Test to re-mount a bailed out tank.

#### FREE BOGGED DOWN TANKS (PAGE 9)

Pass a Skill Test to free a bogged down tank.

#### MOVEMENT STEP

In the Movement Step you move any or all of your platoons into better positions.

#### MOVING TANKS (PAGE 9)

Tanks move 12"/30cm in easy terrain, but slow to 8"/20cm in rough terrain. Tanks crossing Difficult or Very Difficult Going must pass a Bogging Check to avoid bogging down.

Terrain	Speed	Difficulty	Bogging Check
Road	12"/30cm	Easy	
Cross country	12"/30cm	Easy	-
Hedge	8"/20cm	Difficult	2+
Woods	8"/20cm	Difficult	2+
Building	8"/20cm	Very Difficult	Skill Test

# **MOVING INFANTRY (PAGE 14)**

Infantry and man-packed guns (like a 60mm mortar) move 6"/15cm through any terrain and never bog down. If infantry and man-packed guns don't move (aside from digging in), they are always concealed, even in the open.

#### **MOVING GUNS (PAGE 17)**

Medium guns (like the 7.5cm PaK40) move 4"/10cm and need to roll to avoid bogging down in Difficult Going. They cannot move in Very Difficult Going.

#### **COMMAND DISTANCE (PAGE 19)**

Moving teams must remain within command distance of their platoon command team or within command distance of another team in its platoon that is in command.

Skill	Tanks	Infantry and Guns
Veteran	8"/20cm	6"/15cm
Trained	6"/15cm	4"/10cm
Conscript	4"/10cm	2"/5cm

#### DIGGING IN (PAGES 14, 17)

Infantry and guns can dig in instead of moving. If they pass a Skill Test they are now dug in. Infantry, and man-packed and medium guns are concealed if they are dug in.

#### SHOOTING STEP

In the Shooting Step you shoot with any or all of your platoons, trying to pin down and destroy the enemy.

#### SELECT A TARGET PLATOON (PAGES 8, 10, 18)

You shoot with one platoon at a time, although each team can shoot at a different enemy platoon if you wish. The target must be in range and in the weapon's field of fire.

# HOW MANY DICE (PAGES 6, 7, 9, 12, 15, 16)

Each team rolls one die for each point of ROF.

Tanks can shoot their turret-mounted gun and machine-guns at the same time, but the machine-guns only have ROF 1. If they don't shoot their main guns, one machine-gun has ROF 3, the others ROF 1.

Moving teams reduce their ROF by half, unless vehicle machine-guns or SMG teams.

Pinned down infantry or gun teams also reduce their ROF by half, except that MG teams have ROF 2. Pinned down teams cannot shoot while moving.

ROF	Moving ROF	Pinned Down ROF
1	1 (+1 to hit)	1 (+1 to hit)
2 or 3	1	1

#### GOING TO GROUND (PAGES 14, 17)

Teams that do not move (aside from digging in) or shoot have gone to ground.

#### ROLL TO HIT (PAGES 6, 7, 8, 12)

The score needed for a team to hit depends on the easiest target in the platoon it is shooting at.